

Amended Written Closure Plan

Comanche Station – CCR Surface Impoundment

Public Service Company of Colorado

Denver, Colorado

October 17, 2016

Amended July 15, 2021



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Table of Abbreviations and Acronyms

Abbreviation	Definition
CCR	Coal Combustion Residuals
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
PSCo	Public Service Company of Colorado

1.0 General Information

Comanche Station is a 1,450-megawatt coal-fired, steam turbine power plant owned and operated by Public Service Company of Colorado (PSCo), an Xcel Energy company. The plant is located at 2005 Lime Road, Pueblo, Colorado 81006.

In October 2015, the United States Environmental Protection Agency promulgated the Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) from Electric Utilities; Final Rule (40 Code of Federal Regulations [CFR] §257 and 261) (Federal CCR Rule). The Bottom Ash Pond is subject to the requirements of the Federal CCR Rule.

Historically, bottom ash from Units 1 and 2 boiler bottoms was sluiced to the Bottom Ash Pond for dewatering and temporary storage. The bottom ash was sluiced to a concrete dewatering bunker located at the south end of the pond where solids were separated from the water. The bunker collected the larger bottom ash material and discharged water and fines to the impoundment for additional settling. Dewatered bottom ash was removed from the bunker on a regular basis by a wheeled loader/excavator and hauled off site for encapsulated beneficial use or alternatively disposed in the on-site CCR landfill. The Bottom Ash Pond ceased receiving non-CCR waste in January 2021 and CCR waste in June 2021 when construction of an alternative temporary treatment system for bottom ash sluice water was completed.

Figure 1 provides a Site Plan that shows the location of the Bottom Ash Pond and the CCR landfill.

In accordance with 40 CFR §257.102(b), PSCo is required to publish a written closure plan that, "...describes the steps necessary to close the CCR unit at any point during the active life of the CCR unit consistent with recognized and generally accepted good engineering practices."

Specific to closure by removal of CCR, 40 CFR §257.102(c) states,

"An owner or operator may elect to close a CCR unit by removing and decontaminating all areas affected by releases from the CCR unit. CCR removal and decontamination of the CCR unit are complete when constituent concentrations throughout the CCR unit and any areas affected by releases from the CCR unit have been removed and groundwater monitoring concentrations do not exceed the groundwater protection standards."

PSCo intends to close the Bottom Ash Pond via removal of CCR and this Closure Plan fulfills the requirements of the Federal CCR Rule.



2.0 Description of Closure Plan – 257.102(b)(1)(i-iii)

The first step in closure of the Bottom Ash Pond will be to prepare a notification of intent to close the pond, pursuant to 257.102(g). The Bottom Ash Pond will be closed pursuant to Section 257.102(c), by removing and decontaminating all areas affected by releases from the CCR, removal of the CCR and decontaminating affected media, typically called a "clean closure."

All liquid and CCR will be removed from the Bottom Ash Pond. Liquid will be pumped to the bottom ash treatment system for processing. Effluent from the treatment system is pumped to the facility wastewater treatment pond and discharged under the facility wastewater permit, as it is now. CCR present in the pond will be removed and dewatered prior to transport for beneficial use or disposal in the CCR landfill.

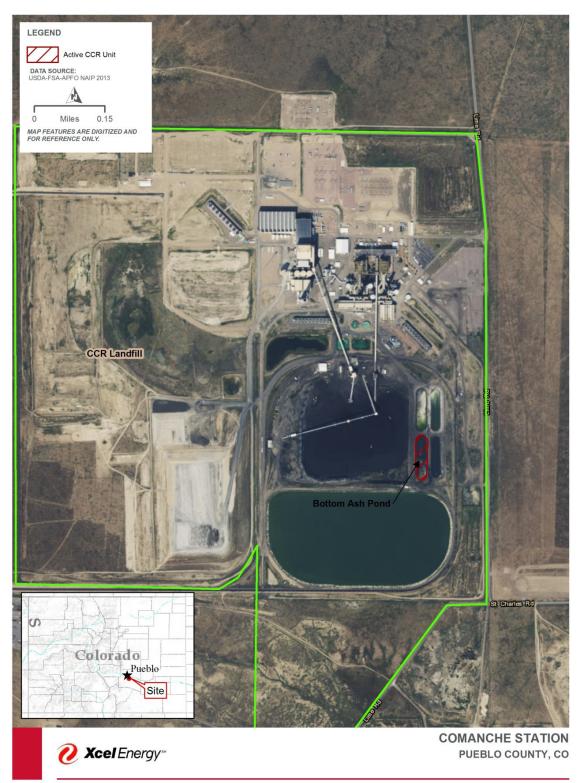
The Bottom Ash Pond was constructed with a 3-foot-thick compacted clay liner; no synthetic liner materials are present. Along with the CCR material, any impacted liner material will also be removed and disposed on in the on-site CCR landfill. All ancillary equipment within the limits of the impoundments will be removed and disposed of in a permitted off-site landfill unless otherwise repurposed by PSCo or as otherwise indicated herein. Given the pond's location adjacent to the facility's non-CCR process water ponds and related piping and infrastructure, it may be necessary to stabilize the embankment between the ponds and/or manage water that may enter the Bottom Ash Pond from the adjacent ponds. This will need to be evaluated during pond dewatering and excavation. If bank stabilization is determined to be necessary, the schedule will need to allow for a design/procurement/construction task.

Based on its location, the former CCR pond footprint has the potential to be repurposed after clean closure to service other facility needs. Therefore, upon completion of clean closure, the pond footprint may be left in its current open and stable configuration. The stormwater that collects within the clean native soil footprint will either infiltrate or can be pumped to the adjacent polishing pond for discharge under the facility's existing discharge permit. Alternatively, the former pond footprint will be re-graded using soil from the pond embankment, or other on-site or off-site borrow sources, and seeded with appropriate grass species, as needed. Groundwater monitoring will continue until the criteria in 40 CFR §257.102(c) and 257.95(h) (as applicable) are met.

All closure work described in this plan will be conducted under the supervision of a registered Professional Engineer who will be responsible for certification of closure. Upon completion of closure activities, a notification of completion of closure will be completed per §257.102(h) and §257.105(i)(8). The notification will document that all requirements and conditions of the Closure Plan were achieved. The report will be signed and sealed by a Colorado registered Professional Engineer.



Figure 1. Site Plan



Source: Esri. DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User Community Sources: Esri. DeLorme, USGS, NPS Sources: Esri. DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User Community Sources: Esri. DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User Community Sources: Esri. DigitalGlobe, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AEX, Getmapping, Aerogrid, IGN, IGP, swisstopo, and the GIS User Community



3.0 Inventory Estimate – 257.102(b)(1)(iv)

In accordance with 40 CFR §257.102(b)(1)(iv) an estimate of the maximum inventory of CCR ever on-site over the active life of the CCR impoundment must be provided.

Historically, the dewatering bunker has processed approximately 29,000 tons (23,000 cubic yards) of bottom ash annually. The ash was removed from the bunker on a regular basis, and only finer particles were discharged to the pond, which was also routinely cleaned out. The impoundment is approximately 505 feet long by 140 feet wide and 20 feet deep. The impoundment has a surface area of approximately 1.6 acres. Therefore, the impoundment has a maximum volume of approximately 28,500 cubic yards. However, based on the operating and regular ash removal activities, the actual maximum inventory on-site at the Bottom Ash Pond would have been much less than this.

4.0 Area Requiring Final Cover – 257.102(b)1(v)

Section 257.102(b)(1)(v) is not applicable as the closure will be completed by removing the CCR and decontaminating the liner area resulting in a "clean-closure." The need for a final cover is eliminated when the owner closes the CCR unit via the clean closure option and all CCR is removed and confirmed with analytical testing results.

5.0 Schedule of Closure Activities – 257.102(b)1(vi)

Closure of the Bottom Ash Pond will be initiated and completed within the timeframes defined in the Federal CCR Rule at 257.102(e)(1)(ii) and 257.102(f)(1)(ii), respectively. Closure will be completed as soon as practical, and no later than 5 years after initiation of closure activities. The impoundment ceased receiving CCR and non-CCR waste streams in June 2021. Table 1 details the schedule of closure activities related to this rule.

Table 1. Schedule of Closure Activities				
Task	Start Date	Finish Date		
Written Closure Plan	October 17, 2016			
Last Receipt of non-CCR and CCR waste	January 31, 2021	June 18, 2021		
Amended Written Closure Plan	July 2021			
Impoundment Closure	2021	2025		
Notice of Intent to Close	July 2021			
Dewatering, GW eval and CCR removal	2021	2023		
Bank stabilization/water management	2023	2025		
Grading and stabilization if needed	2025	2025		



6.0 Certification – §257.102(b)(4) and §257.102(d)(3)

In accordance with §257.102(b)(4), the owner or operator of the CCR unit must obtain a written certification from a qualified professional engineer that the initial and any amendment of the written closure plan meets the requirements of this section.

In accordance with §257.102(d)(3), the owner or operator of the CCR unit must obtain a written certification from a qualified professional engineer that the design of the final cover system meets the requirements of this section.

I, <u>Matthew M. Rohr</u>, being a registered Professional Engineer, in accordance with the Colorado State Board of Licensure for Architects, Professional Engineers, and Professional Land Surveyors, do hereby certify to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief, that the information contained in this written Closure Plan dated <u>July 15, 2021</u>, was conducted in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR §257.102(b)(4) and §257.102(d)(3), is true and correct, and was prepared in accordance with recognized and generally accepted good engineering practices.



Colorado PE 0053467

Expiration Date: October 31 2021